Goals and Principles of the Constitution

Chapter 8 / Section 1

The goals and principles of the **CONSTITUTION** have guided the United States for more than 200 years.

The PREAMBLE (opening statement of the Constitution) introduces <u>six goals</u> of the Constitution...

In your own words...

1. To form a more perfect union...

To unite the nation

2. To establish justice...

To apply the law fairly to all.

In your own words...

- 3. To insure domestic tranquility...
 - To keep peace and order at.

 home
- 4. To provide for the common defense...

To protect us against foreign.

attack

In your own words...

- 5. To promote the general welfare...
 - To provide for the well-being.

 of all
- 6. To secure the blessings of liberty...
 - To protect our freedoms.

The main body of the Constitution is made up of ARTICLES which establish the <u>framework for</u> our government

The seven Articles are...

Article I:

Establishes the powers and limits on the

Legislative Branch

Article II:

Establishes the powers and limits on the

Executive Branch

Article III: Establishes the powers and limits on the Judicial Branch

Article IV:

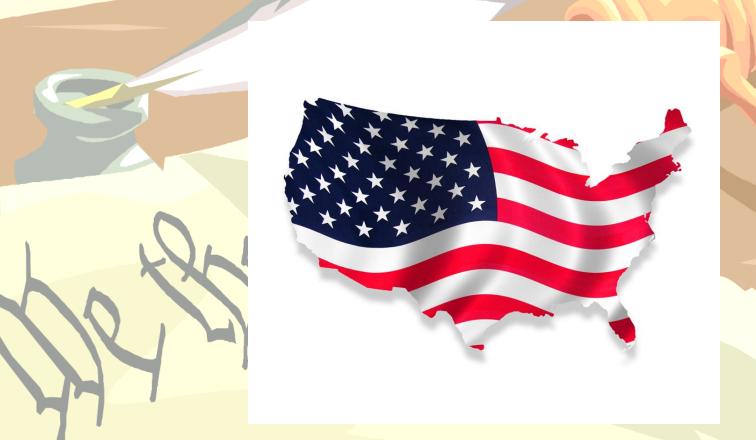
Relations between the

states

Article V: Amending (changing) the Constitution

Article VI: States the Constitution is the "supreme law of the land"





The Constitution rests on seven basic Principles that ensure that the citizens of the United States enjoy a careful balance of er and freedom

Match 'em up...

- All government power belongs to the people. Popular Sovereignty
- Citizens elect representatives to carry out the will of the people. Republicanism
- © Power is divided between the national government and the state governments.

 Federalism

Match 'em up...

- Individual rights and freedoms are protected. Individual Rights
- Power is divided between three branches of the national government.

Separation of Powers

Each branch of the national government is able to check the power of the other branches. Checks and Balances



