



The Lessons of Rome's Republic

Create a <u>republic</u>, a government in which citizens rule themselves through elected representatives.

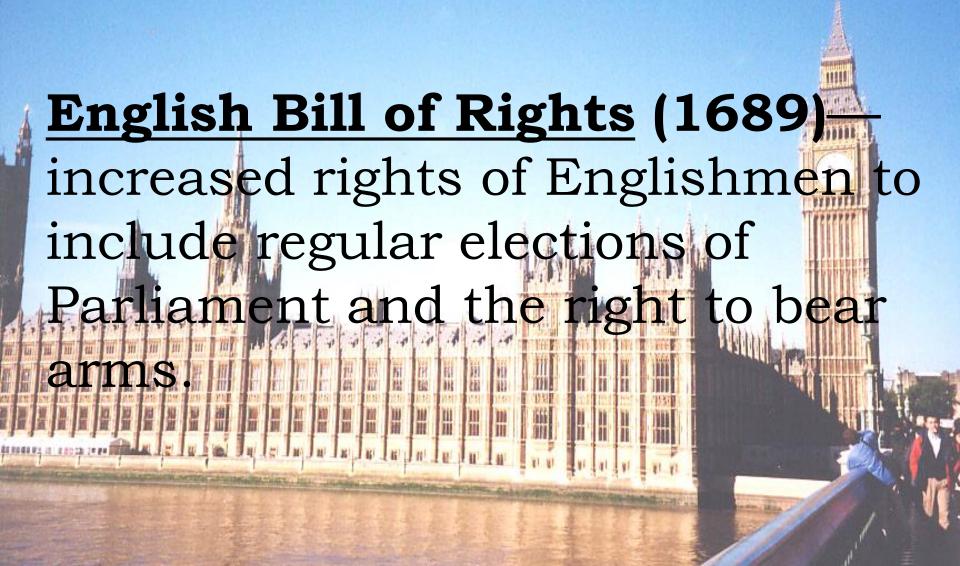
Follow the Roman Republic example—emphasize the virtues of independence and public service.



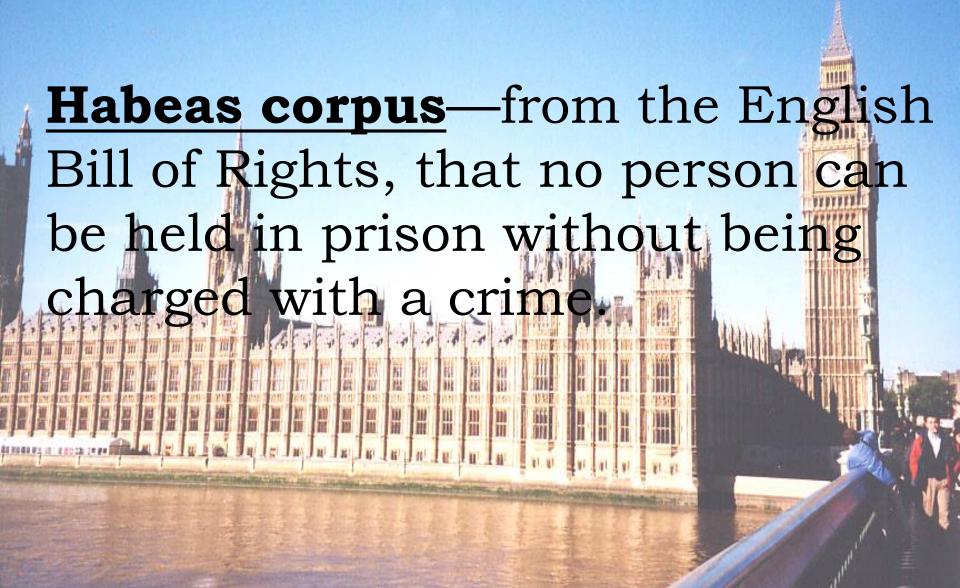
Britain's Traditions of Freedoms

Magna Carta (1215)—stated that the English monarchs had to obey the law, and that citizens had basic rights to private property and to a trial by jury.

Britain's Traditions of Freedoms



Britain's Traditions of Freedoms



The American Experience

A long tradition of representative government beginning with the Virginia House of Burgesses (1619), and a history of written documents that clearly define the powers and limits of government, including the Mayflower Compact (1620) and the written charters (constitutions) of each of the 13 colonies.

The American Experience

Declaration of Independence
(1776)— the written grievances
against the English king and to
prevent such abuses in the new
government.

Familiarity with writing constitutions—including state constitutions and the Articles of Confederation (1777).

Follow the Paper Trail...

Let's see if you can name each of the following items?

Follow the Paper Trail...

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1215... King not above the law

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Follow the Paperal railwish tames by grace of god, of great Britaine, franc, c greland king defonder of y faith, or Haueing underlaken, for y gloris of god, and advancements of y of it is and honour four king c countries, a voyage to plant of state of the countries of and one of another, conentries to combine our senses together into a Civil Body politick; for & Lodor ordering, exercion efur theranco of ends afordaid; and by vertue hear of to Enacte, Most meen con les foi je le fam de la folor : Unto which we promiso all due submission and obsdience of milnes wher of me have here under subscribed our names at cap= Coda y . 11. of november in y year of y raigne of our soveraigns

1620... First charter of self-government

Anno primo Gulielmi & MARIÆ. C. 1, 2.

A. D. 1689.

440

SESSIO SECUNDA.

Follow the Paper Trail...

An A& for a Grant to their Majesties of an Aid of two Shillings in the Pound for one Year. EXP.

C A P. II. (36.)

An Act declaring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, and fettling the Succession of the Crown.

Commons, affer HEREAS the Lore and Temporal, e People of this R , di undred eig Villiam at riting claration i id

ate King James the Second, by the Affistance of divers evil Counsellors, Judges, and ranner's employed by him, did endeavour to subvert and extirpate the Protestant Religion, and the Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom.

ispensing with an inspending of Laws, and the Execution ng and exc thout Confer

of Laws ed from itting and the faid att Gr ffior cal ng and caufu der called, Commissioner. By ring Money and to U f the and in other Manner, than the same was granted Time, acnt.

Lingdom in Time of Peace, without Confent 5. By raising and keeping a Standing Army w of Parliament, and quartering Soldiers contrary to Law.

6. By caufing feveral good Subjects, being Protestants, to be disarmed, at the same Time when Papists were both armed and employed, contrary to Law.

7. By violating the Freedom of Election of Members to ferve in Parliament.

8. By Profecutions in the Court of King's Bench, for Matters and Caufes cognizable only in Parliament; and by divers other arbitrary and illegal Courfes.

o. And whereas of late Years, partial, corrupt, and unqualified Persons, have been returned and served

Trials, and particularly divers I from Trials for High-Treason, which were not Free-TCRECISED FOR SUBJECTS OF SUBJECTS OF SUBJECTS OF THE LIBERTY OF SUBJECTS. 1689

11. And excessive Fines have been imposed; and illegal and cruel Punishments inslicted.

12. And several Grants and Promises made of Fines and Forseitures, before any Conviction or Judgment against the Persons, upon whom the same were to be levied.

All which are utterly and directly contrary to the known Laws and Statutes, and Freedom of this Realm.

IN CONGRESS, July 4, 1776. Followethe Paper Trails.

BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE

TED STATES OF AMERICA.

GENERAL CONGRESS ASSEMBLED.

HEN in the Course of human Events, it becomes necessary for one People to dissolve the Political Bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the Powers of the Earth, the separate and equal Station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God entitle them, a decent Respect to the Opinions of Mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them these Truths to be self-evident, that all Men a ated equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with cert

ing invariably the same Object, evinces a Design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their Right, it is their Duty, to throw off such Gosephant. and to provide new Guards for their future Security. Such has been the patient Sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the Necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The History of the present King of Great-Britain is a History of repeated Injuries and Usurpations, all having in direct Object the Establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid World.

his Affent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public Good. en his Governors to pass Laws of immediate and pressing Importance, unless suspen a their Operation till his Affent should be obtained;

h Distributions, to came others to be elected; whereas the Legislative rowers, incapable of Annihilation, have re-e; the State remaining in the mean time exposed to all the Dangers of Invasion from without, and Convulsions within, ation of these States; for that Purpose obstructing the Laws for Naturalization of Foreigners; resulting to puss others turned to the People at large for their e

He has endeavoured to prevent the Pop to encourage their Migrations hither, and raifing the Conditions of new Appropriations of Lands,

He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing Judiciary Powers.

We have made Judges dependent on his Will alone, for the Tenure of their Offices, and the Amount and Payment of their Salaries. HE has crected a Multitude of new Offices, and lent hither Swarms of Officers to narrais our reopie, and eat out their Substance.

He has kept among us, in Times of Peace, Standing Armies, without the confent of our Legislatures.

Hr. has affected to render the Military independent of and superior to the Civil Power. HE has combined with others to subject us to a Jurisdiction foreign to our Constitution, and unacknowledged by our Laws; giving his Assent to their Acts of

pretended Legislation: For quartering large Bodies of Armed Troops among us:

For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from Punishment for any Murders which they should commit on the Inhabitants of these States :

Foundation of freedom / world

For furpending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves

He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War againflus.

He has plundered our Seas, ravaged our Coafts, burnt our Towns, and destroyed the Lives of our People. Hz is, at this Time, transporting large Armies of foreign Mercenaries to compleat the Works of Death, Defolation, and Tyranny, already begun with circumulances of Cruelty and Perfidy, fearcely paralleled in the most barbarous Ages, and totally unworthy the Head of a civilized Nation.

HE has confirmed our fellow Citizens taken Captive on the high Seas to bear Arms against their street to become the Executioners of their Friends and

Follow the Paper Trail...

Confederation
Articles of
Perpetual Union
Confederation
Confederation
STATES

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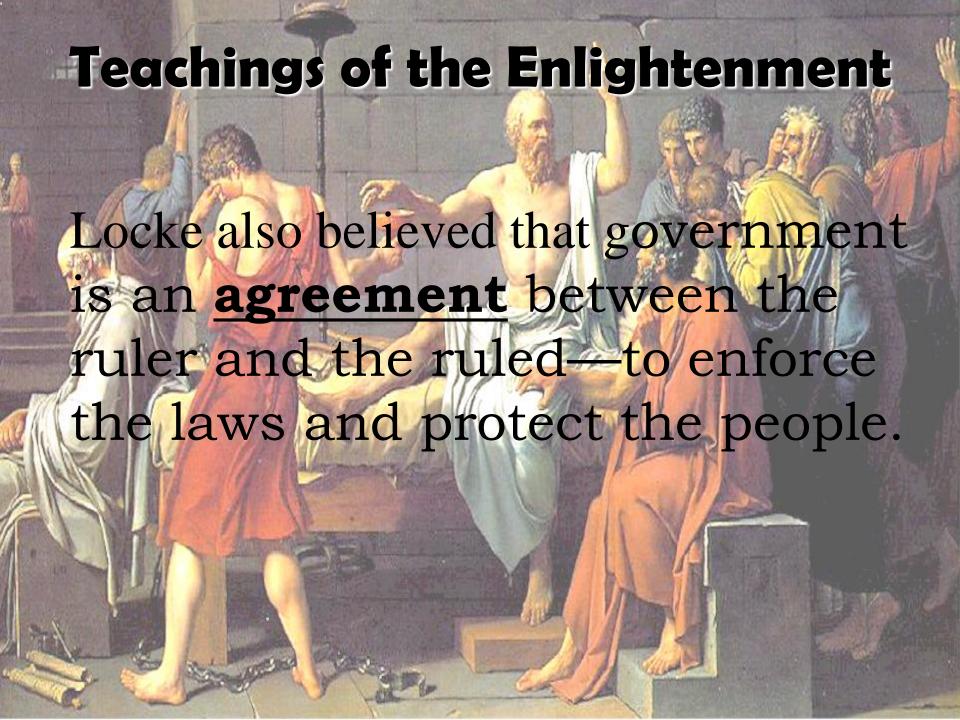
NEW HAMPSHIRE, MASSACHUSETTS BAY, RHODE ISLAND, AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS,
CONNECTICUT, NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, DELAWARE, MARYLAND,
VIRGINIA, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, AND GEORGIA.

1777... First American constitution

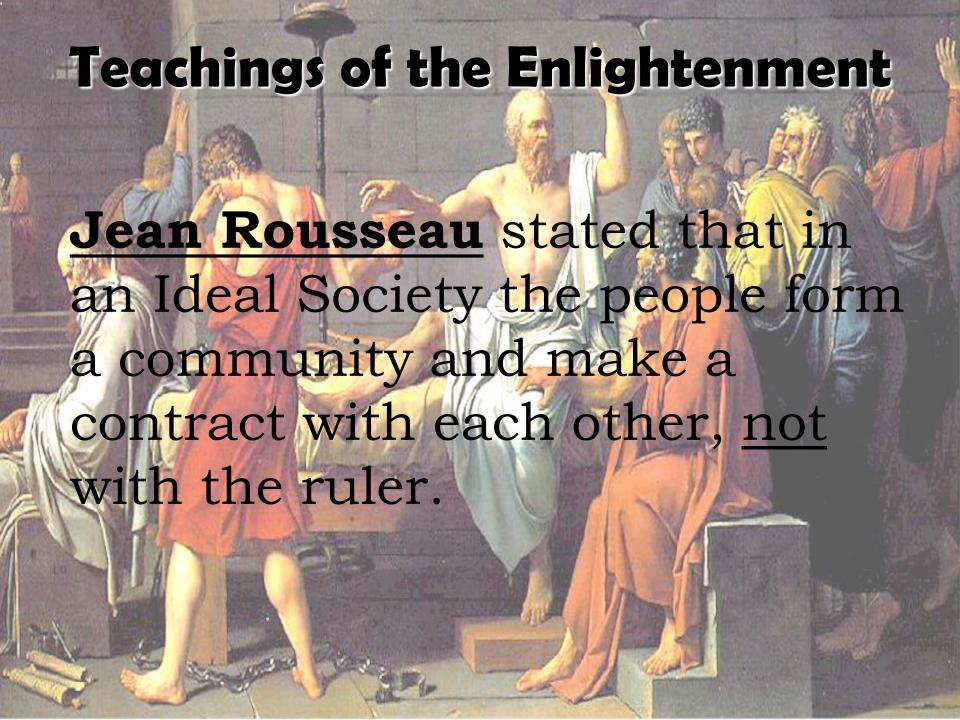
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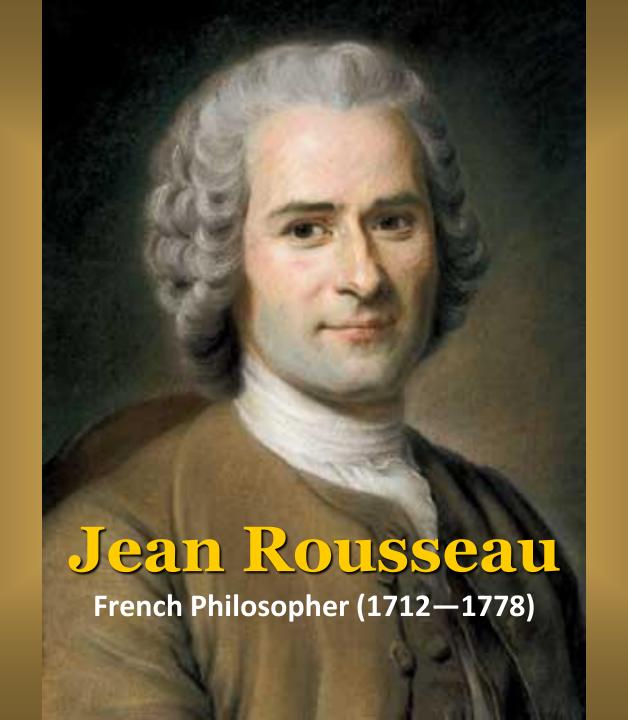
Teachings of the Enlightenment

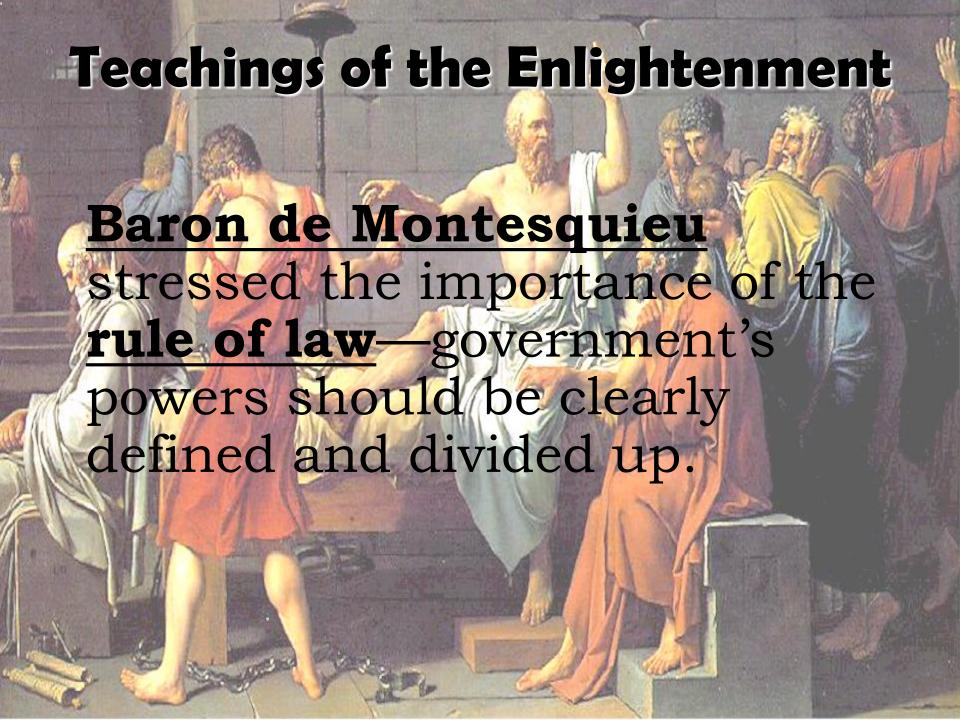
According to John Locke, all people had natural rights to life, liberty, and property. (Property later changed by Jefferson to "pursuit of happiness" in the Declaration of Independence.)













Montesquieu also suggested the separation of powers (found in our three branches of government) to prevent any one person or group from gaining too much power.



FLOCABULARY: A More Perfect Union