Name:	Period:	1/20/16	SLMS	Baxmann
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## Review: Chapter 10 | Early Republic

Chapter 10 Test: Friday | 22 January 2016 [Complete this Review | Know this Review]

	<b>IDENTIFICATION</b> Identify the political party with the statement using the correct letter.					
D: Democratic Republican   F: Federalist						
	<b>1.</b> Led by Thomas Jefferson	<b>6.</b> Believed wealthy and well-educated should lead nation				
	<b>2.</b> Favored national bank	7. Favored strong state governments				
	<b>3.</b> Strict interpretation of the Constitution	8. Opposed national bank				
	<b>4.</b> Believed all people should have political power	9. Led by Alexander Hamilton				
	<b>5.</b> Favored strong central government	<b>10.</b> Loose interpretation of the Constitution				
VOCABULARY Know the following events/documents. (Please number your responses if written elsewhere.)  11. Judiciary Act (1789)  14. Jay's Treaty (1795)						
12	2. Whiskey Rebellion (1794) 15	XYZ Affair (1797)				
13	3. Neutrality Proclamation (1793) 16.	. Kentucky and Virginia Resolutions (1798)				
C	OMPREHENSION Please respond in the space provided. (Ple	ease number your responses if written elsewhere.)				
17	7. Identify at least three (3) precedents President Washington 6	established during his two terms as President.				
18	What was Alexander Hamilton's most pressing problem and describe his plan for fixing it.					
19	L9. In 1794: A. What tax upset farmers?   B. Where did a revolt take place?   C. What was this event known as?					
2(	20. Why did the French Revolution lose support in the United States? Which leaders opposed it?					
21	Which American leader believed that the violence of the French Revolution was justified? Why?					
22	22. What were President Washington's beliefs about foreign policy?					
23	3. What did many people fear would happen if political parties formed in the United States?					
24	What was significant about the outcome of the presidential election of 1796?					
25	• Why were the Alien and Sedition Acts so controversial?					
26	The Democratic Republicans protested that the Sedition Act violated which amendment?					

## Chapter 10 | Lesson 3: John Adams as President (pp. 309-311)

- 1. Which country was upset with the U.S. in 1794 and why? France objected to Jay's Treaty because it favored Britain
- 2. How did this country punish the U.S.? France began to seize American ships
- 3. What was the XYZ Affair? A French attempt to bribe the U.S. by demanding payment before negotiations
- 4. Why did Adams use the letters X, Y, and Z? He used them in place of the French agents' names
- 5. Why did Adams not declare war on France? Like Washington, he wanted to keep the U.S. out of European affairs
- 6. Explain how the Federalist Party split and mention the two party leaders in your response: Hamilton and Adams disagreed over going to war with France (Hamilton: FOR | Adams: AGAINST) and this caused the split
- 7. What was the Alien Act? The President could expel any alien (foreigner) thought to be dangerous to the country
- 8. What was the Sedition Act? Citizens could be fined or jailed for criticizing the government or its officials
- 9. Why did the Democratic Republicans protest the Sedition Act? It violated the Constitution (First Amendment: free speech & press)
- 10. What did Madison and Jefferson warn? These new laws threatened American liberties
- 11. Why could Jefferson not ask the federal courts for help with the Alien and Sedition Acts? The Federalists controlled the courts
- 12. Who did he turn to instead for help? He urged the states to take strong action against the acts
- 13. What were the <u>Kentucky and Virginia Resolutions</u>? Declarations claiming that each state has the right to declare federal laws unconstitutional within their borders
- 14. These two resolutions raised what issue? It raised the issue of states' rights