C-NOTES: COLONIZATION HIGHLIGHTS (UNIT 1 RETEACH)

Analyze the cultural, economic, and geographic factors in the development of the Thirteen Colonies.

Chronology1607 -- Jamestown founded1620 -- Pilgrims leave Englandof Events1612 -- John Rolfe plants tobacco1620 -- Mayflower Compact signed1619 -- House of Burgesses1620 -- Pilgrims arrive at Plymouth

Maryland & Pennsylvania

Established by Catholics (MD) & Quakers (PA) to escape persecution

Africans First brought to colonies in 1619 to work as slaves on tobacco plantations

Triangular Trade

Trade route led to increase in slaves coming to the New World

Mercantilism England's economic strength is increased by keeping strict control over its colonial trade

Imports Exports Goods shipped from Britain to the colonies (brought IN... think of interior... IN-port)
Goods shipped from the colonies to Britain (sent OUT... think of exterior... EX-port)

Pilgrims English Separatists ("separate from church") | Arrived in 1620

vs.

Puritans English Protestants ("purify the church") | Arrived in 1630

Jamestown 1607 – Founded for economic opportunity

vs.

Plymouth 1620 – Founded for religious freedom

Sources of American Democratic Traditions

- ◆ Magna Carta (1215)
- ◆ House of Burgesses (1619)
- Mayflower Compact (1620)
- English Bill of Rights (1689)
- Colonial Legislatures

Colonial Regions (Geography and Climate) <u>New England</u>: Rocky soils, long winters, short growing season Middle: Fertile soils, mild winters, long growing season

Southern: Richest soils, short winters, almost year-round growing season

End of Notes

Social Studies DA Monday, 17 November 2014

How do I prepare? Notebook Pages 8 (UNIT 1), 16 (UNIT 2), and 18 (CONSTITUTION)