

**C-NOTES: TOP TEN—FRENCH AND INDIAN WAR****What were the causes and effects of the French and Indian War?**

#10

England's main rival in North America: **France**

#9

Conflict in the **Ohio River Valley**: English colonists crossed the Appalachians in search of furs and rich farmland. France was determined to **stop the English from expanding westward**.

#8

France had strong alliances with many Indians—especially the **Algonquins and Hurons**—and Britain had an alliance with the powerful **Iroquois**.

#7

**Albany Plan of Union**: Benjamin Franklin's proposal to create "one general government" for the thirteen colonies to make laws, raise taxes, and set up defense of the colonies—**not** approved by colonial legislatures.

#6

Franklin publishes **first political cartoon in 1754** ("Join or Die") of a snake cut into parts to promote the Albany Plan of Union.

#5

**French and Indian War** began in **1754**—known as the Seven Year's War in Europe—by a 22-year old lieutenant colonel in the British army: **George Washington**.

#4

France is winning the war for first three years until Britain appoints **William Pitt** as Prime Minister—his goal is to win the war with Britain's **best generals**.

#3

In 1759, British General James Wolfe captures the capital of New France—**Quebec**—with a daring surprise attack.

#2

French and Indian War ends in **1763**—**Treaty of Paris** signed by **Britain** and **France**.

#1

This agreement marks the end of **French** power in North America—**Britain** and **Spain** split the continent at the **Mississippi** River.